

①

On the Ground State Energy
for Massless Nelson Models

Abdelmalek ABDESSELAM

University of Virginia
(Charlottesville)

Partial support: NSF

Joint work with David Hasler (LMU)

arXiv: 1008.4628v1 [math-ph]

- I - Introduction
- II - Theorem
- III - Idea of the proof

I - Introduction :

Massless translation invariant Nelson model ($d \geq 3$)

$$\mathfrak{h} = L^2(\mathbb{R}^d)$$

Fock space
$$F(\mathfrak{h}) = \underbrace{\bigcup_{\Omega}}_{\text{free vacuum}} \bigoplus_{n=1}^{\infty} \mathfrak{h}^{\otimes n}$$
 bosons

$$a(k), a^*(k)$$

$$\text{CCR: } [a(k), a(k')] = [a^*(k), a^*(k')] = 0$$

$$[a(k), a^*(k')] = \delta(k - k')$$

$$a(k)\Omega = 0$$

Dispersion relation $\omega(k) = |k|$

$$H_f = \int_{\mathbb{R}^d} \omega(k) a^*(k) a(k) d^d k$$

$H_{-\frac{1}{2}}$ completion of $S(\mathbb{R}^d)$ for $(f, g)_{-\frac{1}{2}} = \int_{\mathbb{R}^d} \frac{\widehat{f}(k) \widehat{g}(k)}{2\omega(k)} d^d k$

$$\phi(f) = \int_{\mathbb{R}^d} \frac{d^d k}{\sqrt{2\omega(k)}} (\widehat{f}(k) a(k) + \widehat{f}(-k) a^*(k))$$

for $f \in H_{-\frac{1}{2}}$

Form factor $\rho \in H^{-1/2}$ such that $\frac{\hat{\rho}}{\omega} \in L^2$.

$$\rho(\cdot)_x = \rho(\cdot + x)$$

Hilbert space $\mathcal{H} = L^2(\mathbb{R}^d) \otimes \mathcal{F}(\mathcal{h})$

Hamiltonian $H_\lambda = -\frac{1}{2} \Delta_x + H_f + \lambda \phi(\rho_x)$
↑
coupling

Translation invariance:

H_λ commutes with total momentum $P = -i\nabla_x + P_f$

$$P_f = \int_{\mathbb{R}^d} k a^*(k) a(k) d^d k$$

$$\rightarrow H_\lambda \simeq \int_{\mathbb{R}^d}^{\oplus} H_\lambda(P) d^d P$$

Fiber
Hamiltonian

$$H_\lambda(P) = \frac{1}{2} (\overset{\text{c-number}}{P} - P_f)^2 + \lambda \phi(\rho_0) + H_f$$

on $\mathcal{F}(\mathcal{h})$.

s.a. for λ real, bounded below

$$\rightarrow \underline{E_\lambda(P) = \inf \sigma(H_\lambda(P))}$$

(4)

Problem: Regularity of $E_\lambda(P)$ as a function of λ and P .

regularity in $P \rightarrow \frac{1}{m_{\text{ren}}} = \left. \frac{\partial^2}{\partial P^2} E_\lambda(P) \right|_{P=0}$

renormalized mass of dressed particle
 \rightarrow construction of scattering states (Pizzo 2005)

Previous results:

- Fröhlich 1973 : a.e. differentiability in P
 $\nabla_P E_\lambda(P)$ locally Lipschitz
 - Bach, Chen, Fröhlich, Sigal 2007
 - Chen 2008
 - Fröhlich, Pizzo 2010
 - Griesemer, Hasler 2009 : analyticity in λ & P
for less IR singular models
- } : C^2 regularity in P
for QED

II - Theorem: (A.A. & D. Hasler 2010)

(5)

For ρ such that $\frac{\hat{\rho}}{\sqrt{\omega}}, \frac{\hat{\rho}}{\omega} \in L^2$ and $\hat{\rho} \geq 0$ a.e.

$E_\lambda(P)$ is jointly analytic in λ & P in domain

$$|\lambda| < \frac{1}{2} (1 - |P|)^{-3/2} \times \left(\int_{\mathbb{R}^d} d^d k \frac{|\hat{\rho}(k)|^2}{|k|^2} \right)^{-1/2}$$

One has explicit convergent expression:

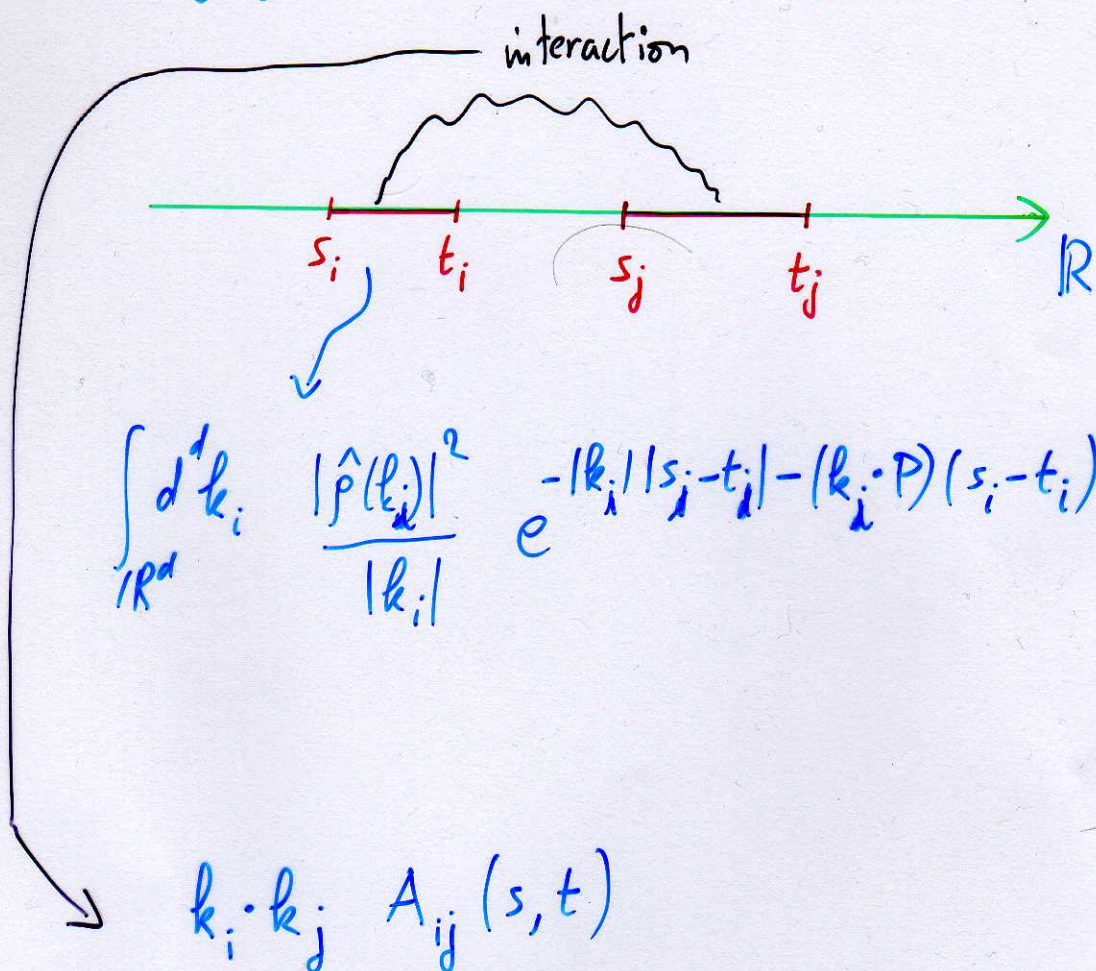
$$E_\lambda(P) = \frac{P^2}{2} - \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n!} \left(\frac{\lambda^2}{4} \right)^n \sum_{\mathcal{T} \text{ tree on } \{1, \dots, n\}} \int_{[0,1]^{\mathcal{T}}} \prod_{i,j \in \mathcal{T}} dh_{ij} \int_{\mathbb{R}^{2n-1}} \prod_{j=2}^n ds_j \prod_{j=1}^n dt_j \int_{\mathbb{R}^{nd}} \prod_{i=1}^n d^d k_i \prod_{j=1}^n \left(e^{-|k_j| |s_j - t_j| - (k_j \cdot P)(s_j - t_j)} \frac{|\hat{\rho}(k_j)|^2}{|k_j|} \right) \times \prod_{i,j \in \mathcal{T}} (-k_i \cdot k_j A_{ij}(s,t)) \times \exp \left[-\frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^n k_i^2 A_{ii}(s,t) - \frac{1}{2} \sum_{\substack{i,j=1 \\ i \neq j}}^n k_i \cdot k_j A_{ij}(s,t) \mu(\mathcal{T}, h)_{\{i,j\}} \right].$$

$$s_i := 0$$

(Stat Mech Cluster Expansion)

Interacting gas of intervals $[s_i, t_i]$ on real line

6



$$A_{ij}(s, t) = C(s_i, s_j) - C(s_i, t_j) - C(t_i, s_j) + C(t_i, t_j)$$

for $C(u, v) = \min(u, v)$ = covariance of 1d Brownian motion starting at 0.

matrix $A(s, t)$ is sym ≥ 0 .

